

Fig. 1

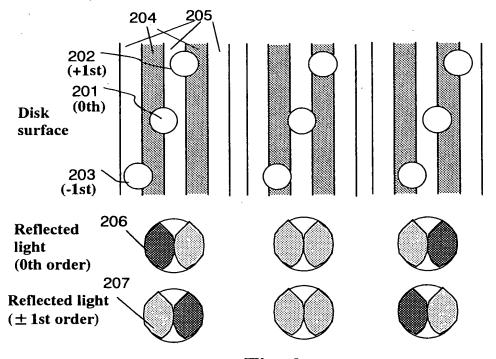


Fig. 2

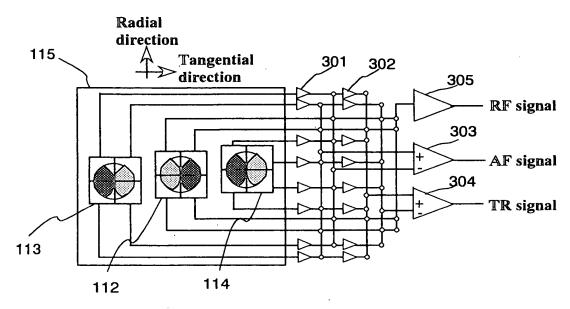


Fig. 3

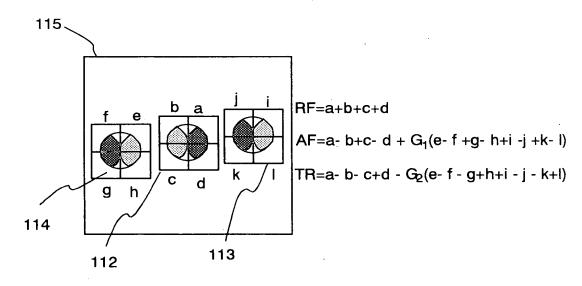


Fig. 4

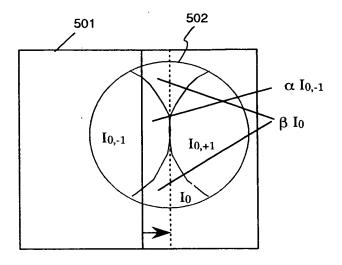


Fig. 5

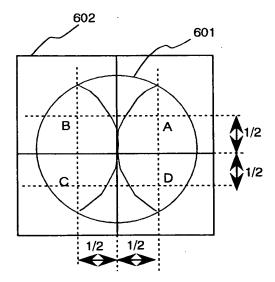


Fig. 6

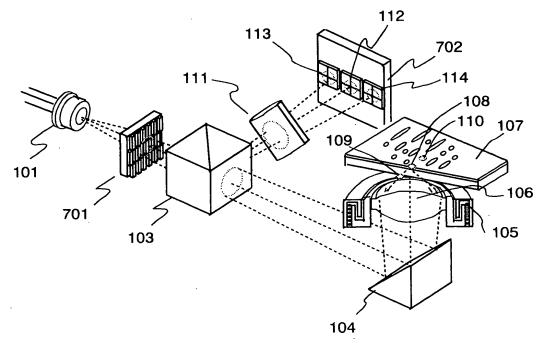


Fig. 7

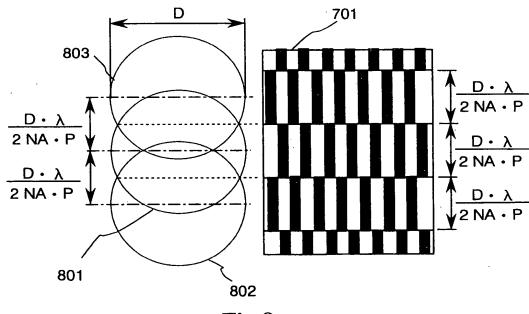


Fig.8

FIG. 9

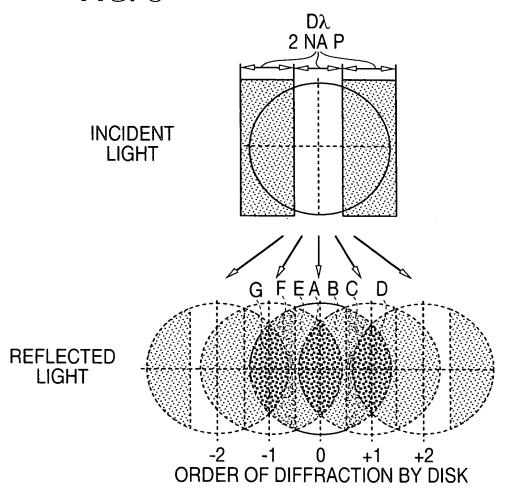


FIG. 10

CHANGES OF PHASE DIFFERENCE OF INTERFERENCE BY PHASE FILTER

INTERFERRING DIFFRACTION		REGION						
ORDER		а	b	C	đ	e	f	g
0	-2	ı	•	ı	•	•	•	0
	-1	π	•	ł	•	π	π	π
	1	π	π	π	π	1	1	-
	2	•	-	-	0	-	-	-
-1	-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	π
	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	2	-	-	-	π	_	-	-

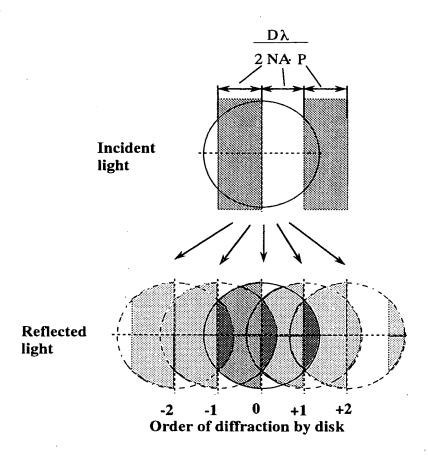


Fig. 11

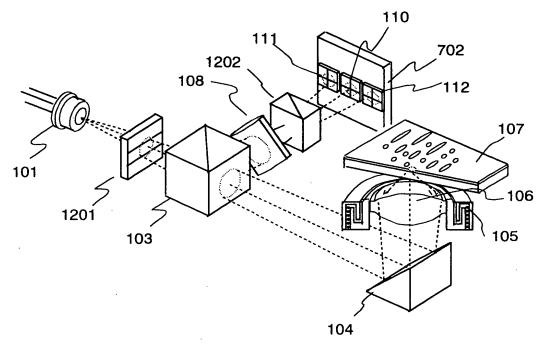


Fig. 12

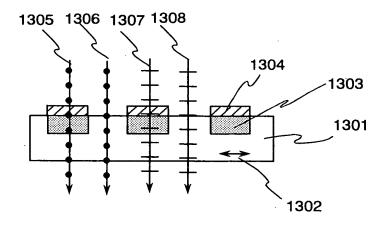
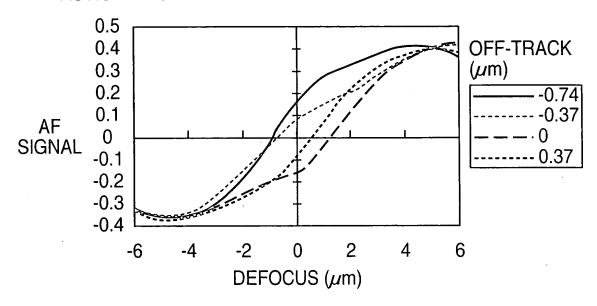
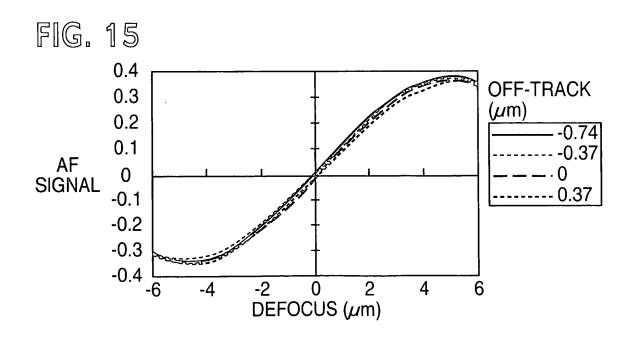


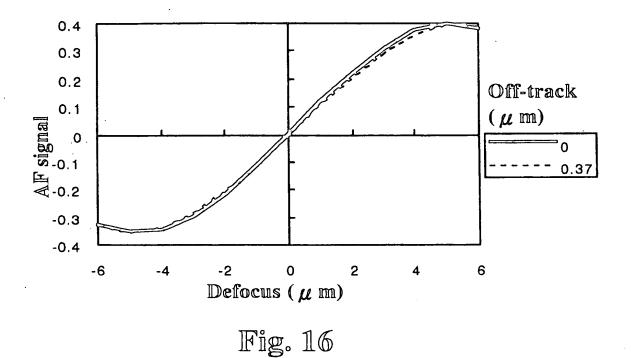
Fig. 13

FIG. 14

NA:0.6, WAVELENGTH:0.66 μ m, TRACK PITCH:1.48 μ m DISK:LAND AND GROOVE, ASTIGMATISM:0.2 λ (-45°), SPHERICAL ABERRATION:-0.47 λ , DETECTOR DEVIATION:5 μ m(DISK RADIAL DIRECTION) FOCAL LENGTH OF DETECTION LENS:22.5mm, ASTIGMATIC DISTANCE IN DETECTION OPTICS:0.9mm







Pupil diameter 4mm

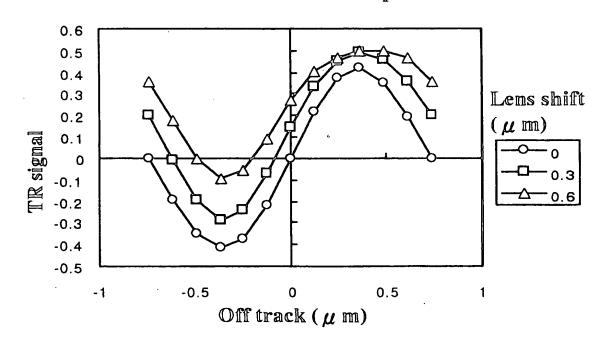


Fig. 17

Pupil diameter 4mm

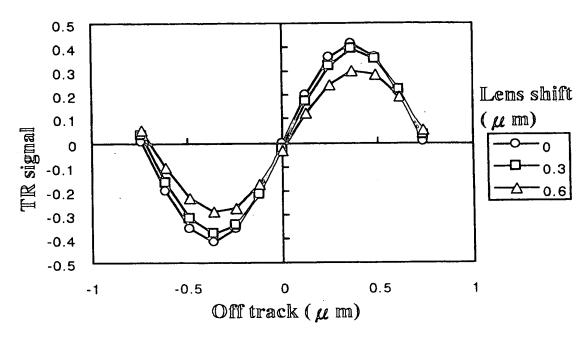


Fig. 18

Pupil diameter 4mm

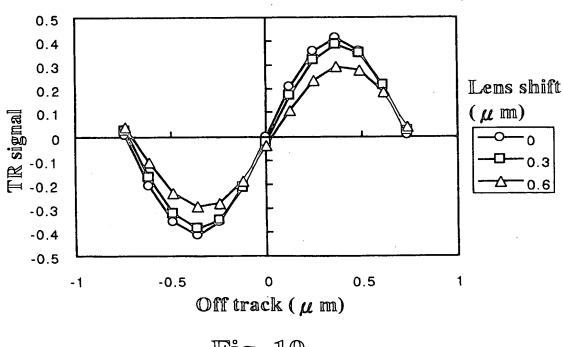


Fig. 19

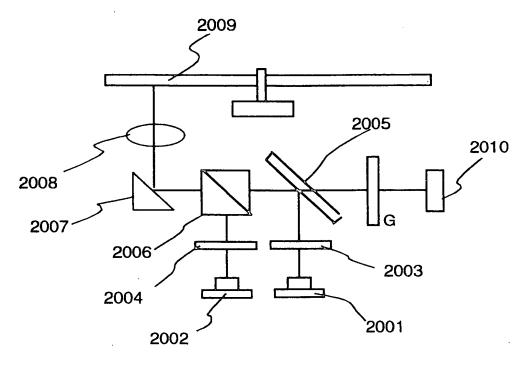


Fig. 20

AF signal	G (in Fig.20)	Detector pattern	Operation method
Beam size detection	2101	a	AF=a+b-c-d PP=f+g-h-i- α (l+m) DPD=f+i-h-g RF=e+f+g+h+i 3S-TR=c+d-l-m (α:constant)
Double knife edge	2102	a Q D e f g D F i	AF=g-h-i+j PP= a (a-b)-(c+d-e-f) DPD=c-d-e+f RF=c+d+e+f 3S-TR=a+b-g-h-i-j (a:constant)
Astigmatism	No	a b d e f h j i k	AF=e+h-f-g+a+d-b-c PP= α (a+b-c-d)-(e+f-g-h) DPD=e+h-f-g RF=e+f+g+h 3S-TR=a+b+c+d-i-j-k-l (α:constant)

Fig. 21

FIG. 22

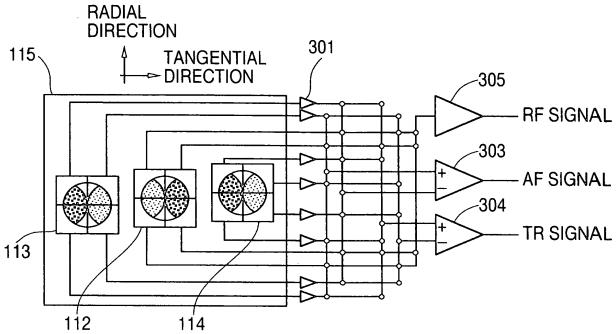


FIG. 23

